Grades 4 and 5

Standards for Mathematical Practice Posters



Make sense of problems and persevere in solving them. Mathematical Practice 1



When presented with a problem, I can make a plan, carry out my plan, and check its success.



EXPLAIN the problem to myself.

MAKE A PLAN to solve the problem

- What is the question?
- What do I know?
- What do I need to find out?
- What tools/strategies will I use?

PERSEVERE (Stick to it!)

DURING...

MONITOR my work

ASK myself, "Does this make sense?"

CHANGE my plan if it isn't working out

AFTER....

CHECK

- Is my answer correct?
- How do my representations connect to my solution?

EVALUATE

- What worked/didn't work?
- How was my solution similar or different from my classmates?

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Reason abstractly and quantitatively.



I can use numbers, words, and reasoning habits to help me make sense of problems.

Contextualize (Numbers to Words)

$$\frac{1}{2} \times 6 = 3$$
 or $6 \times \frac{1}{2} = 3$

Mary practices the piano $\frac{1}{2}$ hour a day for 6 days. How many total hours does she practice?



Decontextualize (Words to Numbers)



Reasoning Habits

1) Make an understandable representation of the problem. 3) Pay attention to the meaning of the numbers.

2) Think about the units involved.

4) Use the properties of operations or objects.

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Construct viable arguments and critique the reasoning of others. Mathematical Practice 3



I can make logical arguments and respond to the mathematical thinking of others.

l can <u>make and present</u> <u>arguments</u> by... l can <u>analyze the reasoning</u> <u>of others</u> by...

- using objects, drawings, diagrams and actions
- using examples and non-examples
- relating to contexts

- listening
- asking and answering questions
- comparing strategies and arguments

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Model with mathematics.



Mathematical Practice 4

I can recognize math in everyday life and use math I know to solve problems.

l can...

Use estimates to Find important My box turtle is getting a new tank. He is 5 make the problem numbers. 1/2" long and 3" tall. One side length of the simpler. tank needs to be 5 times his length. How long Turtle: About 6" long will the length of the tank need to be? I will round 5 1/2" to 6". Tank: 5 times the length of the turtle Consider my answer --Think about the relationship Turtle Tank Use tools to show Length Does it make sense? Length to find an answer. relationships. (inches) (inches) I thought about the The tank (30") is 5 times 4 20 problem again and a 30" bigger than the turtle 5 25 side length on the tank 30 length (6"). 6 35 makes sensel ...to solve everyday problems.

Use appropriate tools strategically.



I can use certain tools to help me explore and deepen my math understanding.

- I know <u>HOW</u> and <u>WHEN</u> to use math tools.
- I can reason: "Did the tool I used give me an answer that makes sense?"



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Attend to precision.



I can be precise when solving problems and clear when communicating my ideas.

Mathematicians communicate with others using...

- math vocabulary with clear definitions
- symbols that have meaning
- context labels
- units of measure
- calculations that are accurate and efficient



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Look for and express regularity in repeated reasoning. Mathematical Practice 8



I can notice when calculations are repeated. Then, I can find more general methods and short cuts.

As I work	There are many ways to decompose $\frac{3}{8}$ because it is composed of repeated $\frac{1}{8}$ s.		
I think about what I'm trying to figure out while I pay attention to the details	draw a whole and shade in three $\frac{1}{8}$ s parts.	add eighths. $\frac{3}{8} = \frac{1}{8} + \frac{1}{8} + \frac{1}{8}$	count by eighths. (one-eighth, two eighths, three eighths) $\frac{3}{8} = \frac{1}{8}, \frac{1}{8}, \frac{1}{8}$
I evaluate if my results are reasonable.	jump three $rac{1}{8}$ size ju on a number	Inps $\frac{1}{8} = \frac{1}{8} = \frac{2}{8} = \frac{3}{8} = \frac{1}{8}$	$ \frac{1}{48} + \frac{5}{8} + \frac{6}{8} + \frac{7}{8} + \frac{8}{8} + \frac{8}{8} + \frac{1}{1} $

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